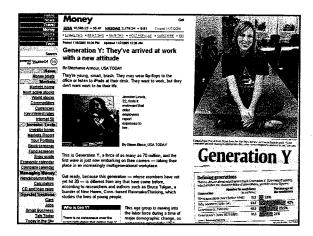


Simulation: Xer

 "The skill to be valued in the twentyfirst century is not the length of attention span, but the ability to multitask - to do many things well at once.... [and] the ability to process visual information very rapidly." (Rushkoff, 1996:50)



Learner Control: Xer

- Xers expect a range of options, in terms of what they learn and how they learn it.
 They require autonomy and flexibility for their own learning. They demand a variety of instructional methods from which they can choose to learn, e.g., videotapes, selfpaced modules, interactive CDs.
 - "Online gives me something to do when I'm bored with the professor."
 - "I respect myself more as a selfteacher."
 - Dziuban, Moskal, & Hartman (2005)

Neomillenial Learning Styles

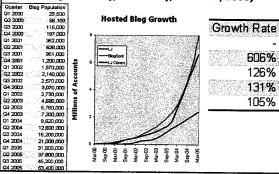
Planning for Neomillennial Learning Styles: Implications for Investments in Technology and Faculty Chris Dede, H*arvard University, Educause, 2005*

- Fluency in multiple media--value all types of communication, activities, experiences, not a single best medium
- Actively seek, collect, and synthesize experiences, rather than absorb a single best source
- Active learning and collective reflection
- Non-linear and associated webs of learning
- Co-design of learning experiences for individual needs and preferences not precustomized

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Trend #1: Blogging (75,000 new blogs each day, USA Today, March 27, 2006)



#1. Blogs Stephen Downes (2004)

"A blog...is and has always been more than the online equivalent of a personal journal...But a blog is also characterized by its reflection of a personal style, and this style may be reflected in either the writing or the selection of links passed along to readers. Blogs are, in their purest form, the core of what has come to be called *personal publishing*. (p. 18)."



Blogging Questions



- 1. Who has a blog?
- 2. Who regularly reads other people's blogs?
- 3. Who assigns blogging tasks?
- 4. Who has created a video blog?



5. Who thinks it is an utter waste of time to blog?



Blogger Software: You have many choices!

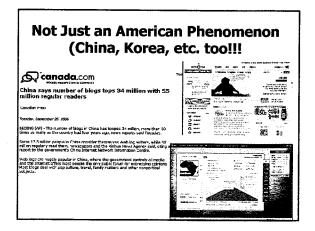
- 1. Blogger: http://www.blogger.com/
- 2. Diaryland: http://www.diaryland.com/
- 3. Live Journal: http://www.sixapart.com/livejournal/
- Movable Type: http://www.sixapart.com/movabletype/
- 5. Pitas: http://www.pitas.com/
- 6. TypePad: http://www.sixapart.com/typepad/pricing
- 7. Xanga: http://www.xanga.com/

New Pew Survey Defines Today's Bloggers Jimmy Moore, July 22, 2006

- Among the different kinds of blogs out there, here is the breakdown:
- Personal life 37 percent (can you say <u>MySpace.com</u>?)
- Political 11 percent
- Entertainment 7 percent
- Sports 6 percent
- News/Current Events 5 percent
- Business 5 percent
- Technology 4 percent
- Religion/Faith 2 percent
- Health 1 percent

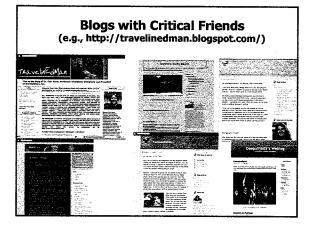
Pew Research Group New Pew Survey Defines Today's Bloggers Jimmy Moore, July 22, 2006

- · Most bloggers are young, 18-30 year olds
- Most bioggers spend hours on Internet per day
- Most bloggers share their personal experiences
- Most bloggers write daily or almost daily
- Most bloggers LOVE to write and are good at it
- · Most bloggers never published their writings b4
- Most bloggers have a full-time job (and it's not blogging!)



Class Uses of Weblogs (especially English writing class)

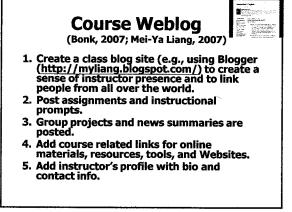
- Instructor or Tutor blog: resources, information, space to chat
- 2. Learner blog: reflections, sharing links and pics, fosters ownership of learning
- 3. Partner blog: work on team projects or activities
- 4. Class blog: international exchanges, projects, PBL
- 5. Revision: review and explode sentences from previous posts, add details
- 6. Nutshell: summarize themes or comments across blogs
- 7. Blog on blog: reflections on feelings, confusions, and experiences with blogs

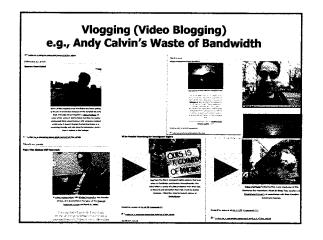


Personal Learner Weblog

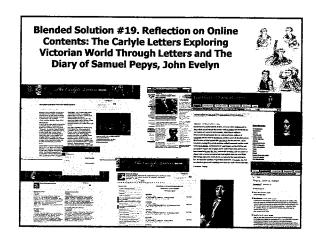
(Bonk, 2007; Mei-Ya Liang, 2007)

- 1. Create personal learner blogs.
- 2. Note online learning materials found or read (e.g., online news sites, Web search engines, online dictionaries, etc.)
- 3. Outline of key points of readings.
- 4. Write reflections on news stories.
- 5. Record results of group activities in news sites and text chat rooms.
- 6. Provide peer comments on blogs.







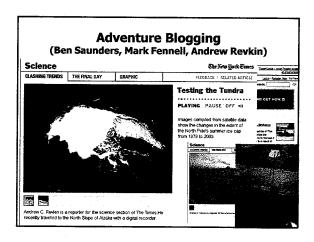


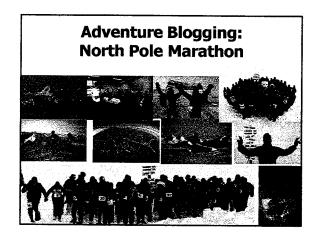


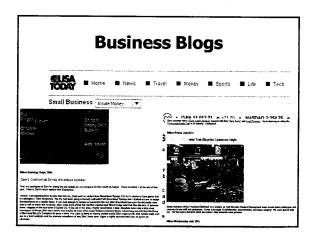
Classrooms go high-tech By Erin Stewart Deseret Morning News March 6, 2007

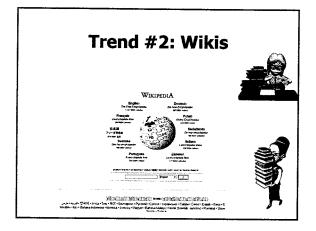


One of Michelle Tanner's deaf students at Gerald Wright Elementary holds an iPod and watches a video of her signing the week's vocabulary words. (Michelle is a a teacher with the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind at Gerald Wright Elementary)











What is a wiki?

- Ward Cunningham, in 1995
- · The name, wiki, is based on the Hawaiian term wikiwiki, meaning "quick"



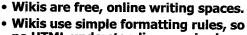
What I Know Is

Brandon Hall, Chief Learning Officer Magazine, July 2006

"A wiki is a collection of Web pages that can be easily viewed and modified by anyone, providing a means for sharing learning and collaboration."

Brandon Hall, Chief Learning Officer Magazine, July 2006

"Wikis can be used to create content on-the-fly, as a repository for information and for archiving group learning. Benefits include speed, simplicity and a sense of ownership among participants."



Wikis use simple formatting rules, so

For Teachers New to Wikis

- no HTML understanding required. Highly collaborative composing and
- creativity
- Authors do not claim ownership
- Published online
- Wikis provide a history and anyone can revisit prior versions of text



Wiki Questions

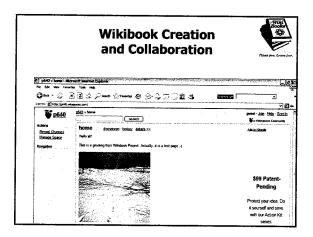


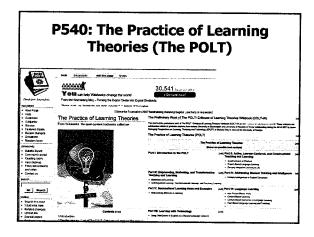
- 1. Who regularly reads Wikipedia articles just for fun?
- 2. Who regularly reads Wikibooks?
- 3. Who seeks Wikipedia for content?
- 4. Who has edited or written new articles on Wikipedia or Wikibooks?
- 5. Who thinks it is ok for college students to cite from Wikipedia?

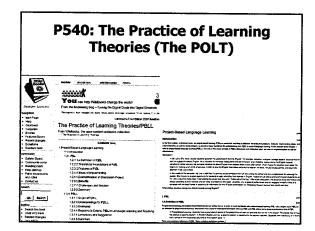
How use in teaching

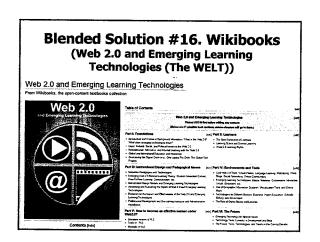
- 1. Provide space for free writing
- 2. Debate course topics and readings
- 3. Share resources (websites, conferences, writing, etc.)
- 4. Maintain group progress journal
- 5. Require group or class essay
- 6. Have student revise Wikipedia pages
- 7. Write a wikibook

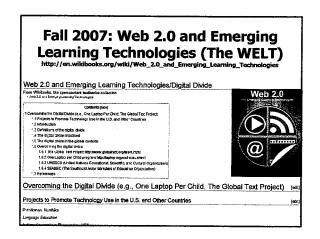


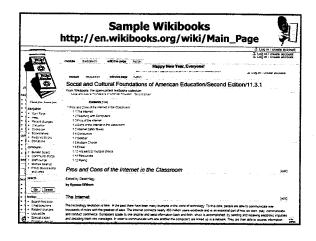


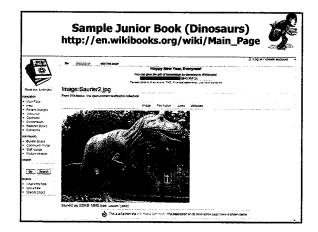


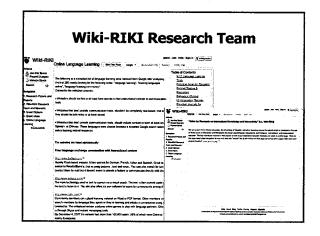


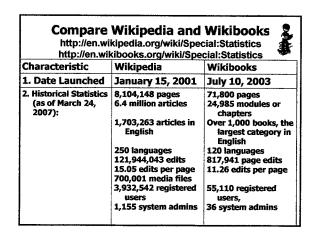


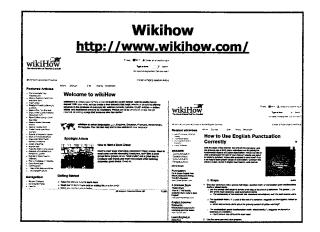


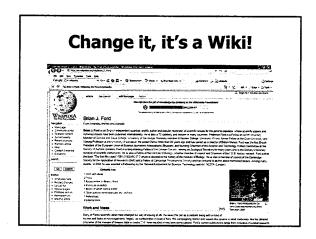


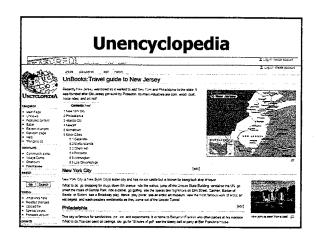


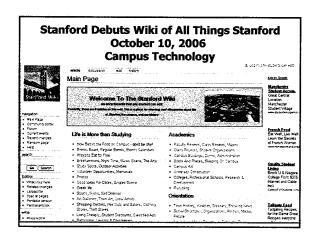


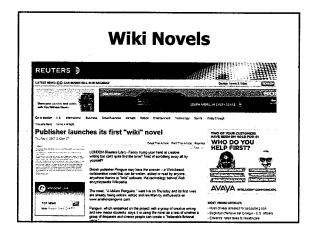


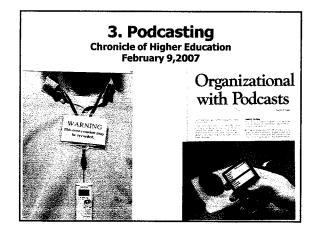












Educational Applications of
Podcasting (Essex, 2006, Leftwich, 2007)

1. Recordings of lectures
(Coursecasting)

2. Supplemental textbook or entire book
3. Student projects
4. Interviews
5. Language lessons
6. Oral reports
7. K-12 classroom interactions
8. Downloadable library of resources
9. Recordings of performances

For hot author's latest, get out your headphones, Sept 12, 2007, USA Today, David Lieberman

Audible says the novel— which Deaver describes as "The Day of the Jackal meets The Da Vinci Code" — will be the first major work of fiction created to be introduced only as an audio download.



