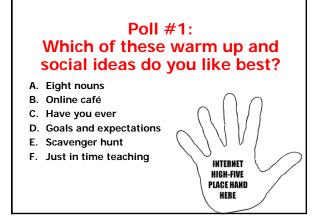




6. Just in Time Teaching (online warm-up activities)

- Assign a problem before class.
- Evaluate solutions.
- Change class based on results.











9. Reuse Online Discussion Transcripts • Have students bring in their online discussions or to class. • Look for key concepts embedded in the transcripts. • Share or have competitions.

10. Reuse Personal Blog Transcripts

- Have students bring in their blogs on the readings for the week for a reflection or sharing.
- Summarize key points by group.
- Present in 2-3 minute summaries.



11. Free Text Chats (...and Chat Reflection Papers)

- 1. Agree to a weekly chat time.
- 2. Bring in expert for discussion or post discussion.
- 3. Summarize or debrief on chat discussion.
- 4. Papers might be written across guest speakers.
- 5. Advantages:
 - 1. Transcript of the discussion can be saved and reused.



12. Listen and Reflect on Book Author Podcasts



13. Virtual Conference Attendance and Reflection Papers

- Have students attend an online conference.
- Ask them to write a reflection paper on the keynotes or other sessions.
- Share in online drop box or discussion forum.



Poll #2: Pick one of these reflection activities you might use?

- A. Internship, practicum, or job reflections
- B. Reflections on expert blogs, talks, or interviews
- C. Discussion transcript reflections
- D. Chat reflections
- E. Author podcasts
- F. Virtual conference attendance



14. Structured Controversy Task

- Assign 2 to pro side and 2 to con side
 Read, research, and produce different materials
- Hold debate (present conflicting positions)
- Argue strengths and weaknesses
- Switch sides and continue debate
- Come to compromise

- Online Option: hold multiple forums online and require to comment on other ones.

15. Pruning the Tree (i.e., 20 questions)



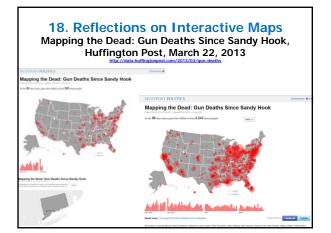
- Have a recently learned concept or answer in your head.
- Students can only ask yes/no types of questions.
- If guess and wrong they are out and can no longer guess.
- The winner guesses correctly.

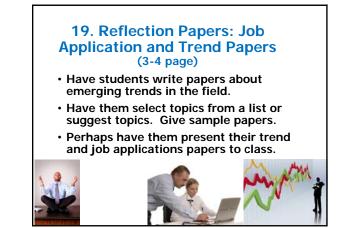
16. One minute papers or muddiest point papers (L = Cost, M = Risk, M = Time)

- Have students write for 3-5 minutes what was the most difficult concept from a class, presentation, or chapter. What could the instructor clarify better.
- Send to the instructor via email or online forum.
- Optional: Share with a peer before sharing with instructor or a class.

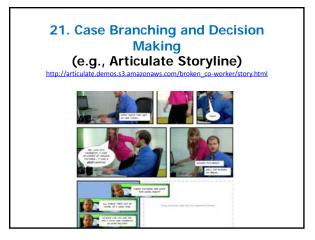


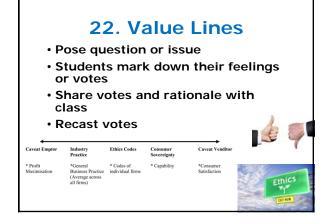


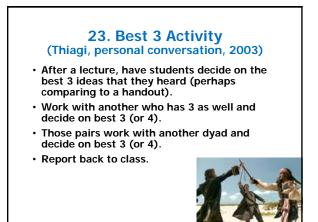


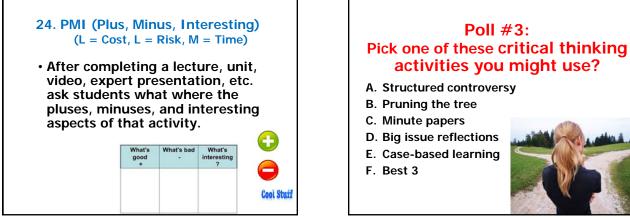






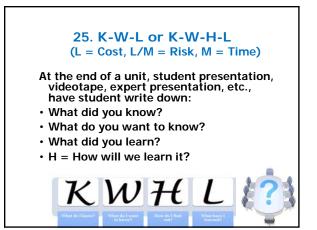


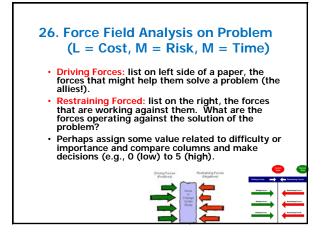


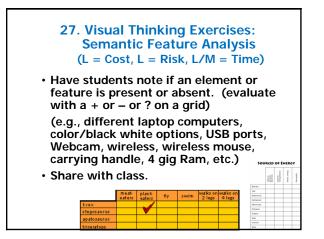


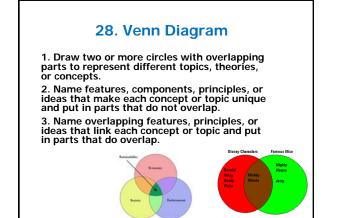












29. Two Heads vs. One (Thiagi, 1988)

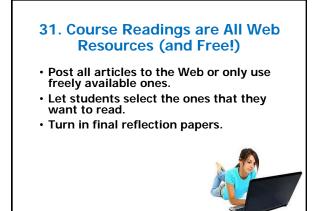
- Everyone posts a 100 word summary of an article.
- Students pair up and produce a better 100 word summary.
- Their 3 summaries are read and rated by other groups.
- Groups rank them for 1 for best, 2 for 2nd best, and 3 for third.
- Pass back to original team.





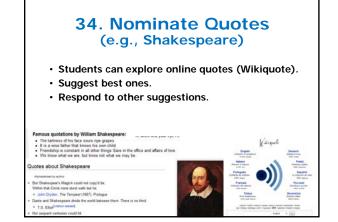
Ten Creative Thinking and Exploration Activities

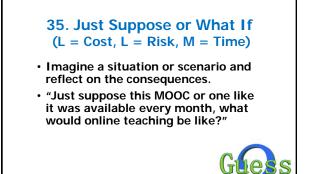














- A. Put all course readings on the Web
- B. Explore virtual timelines
- C. Just suppose or what if
- D. Flip the class
- E. Nominate quotes



36. Wet Ink or Freewriting (L = Cost, M = Risk, M = Time)

Writing without reflecting or lifting your pen for a set period of time.

• Just imagine: imagine you have created a highly active teaching situation...What do you see? Can students wonder, question, speculate, take risks, active listening??? How is creativity fostered here? Describe environment. Physically, mentally, emotionally, etc...

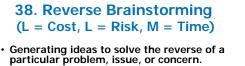


37. Metaphorical thinking (L = Cost, M = Risk, M = Time) • how is my class like:

- a prison, a beehive, an orchestra, ghetto,
- expedition, garden, family, herd, artist's palette,
 - -machine, military camp, Olympic games, hospital, theater, etc.

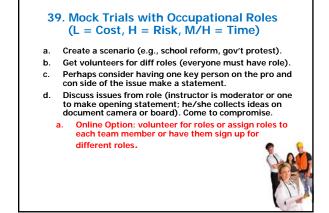


trving



- More is better and the wilder the better.
- Hitchhiking or piggybacking as well as combining ideas is encouraged. However, there is no evaluation of ideas allowed.
- For example, How can we decrease the use of active learning ideas in college settings?





40. Historical Role Play or Mock Trial (L = Cost, H = Risk, M/H = Time)

- Assign roles after a lecture.
- Have students read more about roles.
- Come back dressed in costume.
- Act out scene.
 - -Online Option: volunteer for roles or assign roles to each team member or have them sign up for different roles.



15 Small Group and Cooperative Learning Activities



41. Online Scholar Debate Panel or Symposium

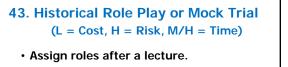
- Instead of role play, form online debate panels or symposia on particular topics.
- Set the time for each debate or open it up for an entire week.
- Or bring in expert guests for the debate or panel.



42. Online Role Play Personalities

- List possible roles or personalities (e.g., coach, questioner, optimist, devil's advocate, etc.)
- Sign up for different role every week (or for 5-6 key roles during semester)
- Perform within roles—try to refer to different personalities





- Have students read more about roles.
- Come back dressed in costume.
- Act out scene.

-Online Option: volunteer for roles or assign roles to each team member or have them sign up for different roles.





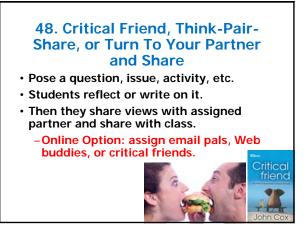


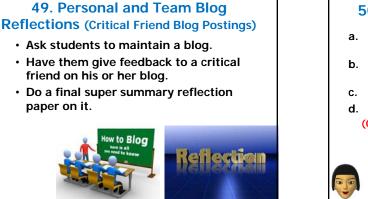
46. Cross-Class Collaboration

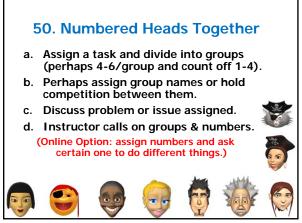
- Assign task across classes.
- · Pair up students.
- Turn in final product.



47. Peer Mentoring Sessions (Bonk, 1996) 1. Have students sign up for a chapter wherein they feel comfortable and one that they do not. 2. Have a couple of mentoring sessions in class. 3. Debrief on how it went.







Poll #5: Which of these collaboration activities did you like best?

- A. Six hats role play
- B. Online scholar debate
- C. Role play personalities
- D. Peer mentoring
- E. Cross-class collaboration



51. Peer Interviews

After lecture, have learners interview each other about what they learned.

Introduce each other based on what learned.

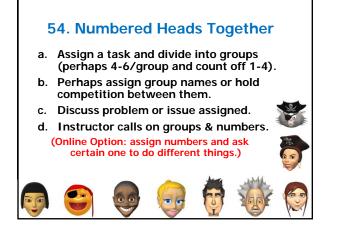


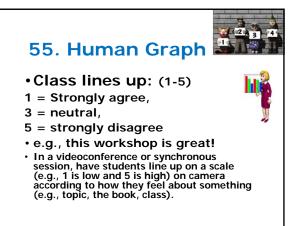
52. Jigsaw

- Form home/base groups of 4-6 students.
- Student move to expert groups in forums.
- Share knowledge in expert groups and help each other master the material.
- Come back to base group to share or teach teammates.
- Students present ideas FTF or in a synchronous webinar or are individually tested; there are no group grades.



53. Phillips 66 (Buzz Groups) Assign topic (e.g., review readings for this week). Students work in groups of 6 for 6 minutes on a particular problem. After 6 minutes, stop discussion. Share with class. Online Option: assign teams to discuss articles for 1-2 days before an online lecture. Warm up activities!







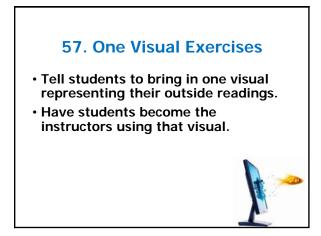
10 Learner-Centered Activities

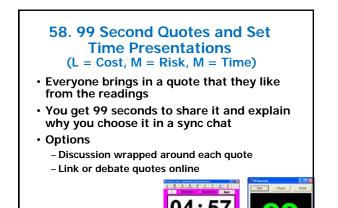


56. Different Strokes (Thiagi, 1988)

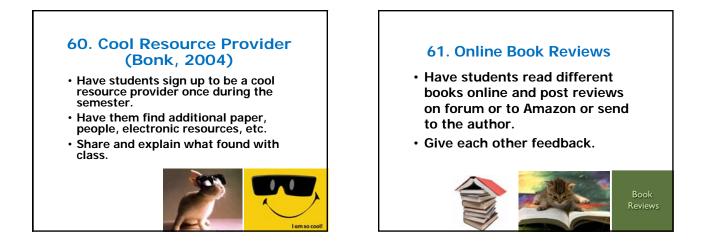
- Have students create a summary of the readings: 1 page, 2 page, 10 question, an outline, a visual, a list of key points, a flowchart, a mind map, a slogan, a bumper sticker.
- Share and compare.
- Discuss.

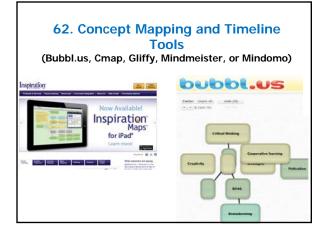


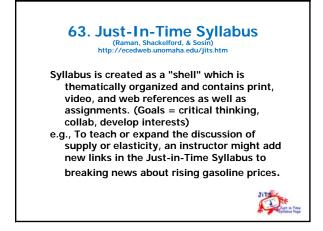


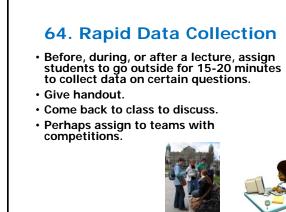












65. Volunteer Technology Demos (Bonk, 1996)

- Take students to a computer lab.
- Have students conduct a technology demonstration that relates to something from the class (replaces an assignment).
- Include handout
- Debrief



Poll #6: Which of these learner-centerd activities did you like best?

- A. Class voting and polling
- B. Online book reviews
- C. Multimedia glossaries
- D. Cool resource provider
- E. 99 Second quotes



Five Other Interaction Activities



66. Poster Sessions and Gallery Tours

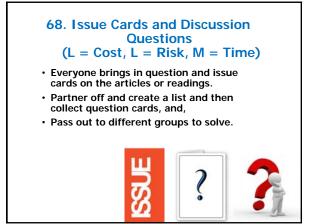
- Have students create something--flowchart, timeline, taxonomy, concept map.
- Have half of the students present for 15-20 minutes and then reverse roles.
- Post these in the course management system.
- · Discuss, rate, evaluate, etc.

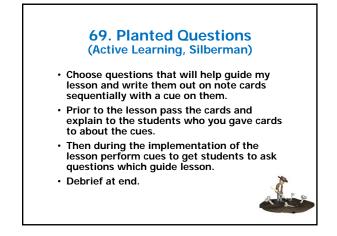


67. Peer Feedback and Reviews of Student Galleries, Exhibits, and Other Products

• Have students review and evaluate each other's work in an online gallery, exhibit hall, and website.







70. Stand and Share

- 1. Present a question.
- 2. When know the answer, stand up to indicate to the instructor that you have an answer.
- 3. Wait until all are standing.
- 4. Call on one at a time.
- 5. When you give an answer or hear you answer given, you can sit down (unless you have an additional answer).







